# elivell

## DRV 300 Three-phase voltage regulator



## WARNING !



#### HIGH LEAKAGE CURRENT: first connect to earth !

The DRV300 is a voltage regulator for three phase motors which operates connected to the three phase mains voltage.

The regulator must be installed by qualified personnel who will connect the electric supply, attach the cables in their permanent positions and commission the plant.

Incorrect installation of the DRV300 voltage regulator or the fan connected to it may cause damage to objects or people so ensure the instructions in this manual and all required security measures are read and followed carefully.

- When receiving the goods, check that the packing is intact; in the event of any damage due to transportation, notify the forwarding agent according to legal requirements.
- The DRV series of products shown in this manual has been manufactured to the highest standards.
- The manufacturer declines all responsibility for accident, loss or damage caused by the use of these appliances. These must be correctly installed by qualified personnel in conformity with their destined use and, whenever needed, must undergo correct maintenance which should be carried out while ensuring the safety of people, domestic animals and goods.
- The purchaser must previously ascertain the suitability of the product for the use it is intended for and assume all consequent risks and responsibility.
- The DRV300 is a mains voltage regulator which uses the phase-cut principle completely controlled over the three phases. It has been designed to vary the effective voltage on three phase asynchronous motors for fans following a control signal (either Ma or VDC). The appliance is manufactured for industrial use and therefore meets the EMC standards that relate to industrial environments.
- Using the appliance for purposes other than the ones described above will be considered incorrect. In particular, the appliance may <u>NOT</u> be used to supply machine tools or any other machines where the motor torque-speed characteristic is not quadratic.
- If the equipment is intended for civil, commercial and/or light industrial use, supplementary components and other types of equipment are required which can be supplied on specific request from the purchaser. In this case, the purchaser must provide a suitable design of the plant in which the appliance is to be installed (compliant with EN 60555 2/3 standards regarding disturbance produced by electrical household appliances and the like.

• We decline all responsibility for any errors in the catalogues, publications or other written documents. The information in this manual is not binding and we reserve the right to make changes to the products without prior notice, at any time and in any way that we deem convenient for production purposes or useful for increasing functionality and performance.



## **SAFETY RULES !**



This appliance has been designed to give excellent performance provided it is installed and used carefully in a suitable electric environment by qualified personnel.

The following rules **must be obeyed** when installing the regulator :

- Follow the instructions in this manual exactly and observe all safety measures in force.
- Do NOT tamper with or disassemble the regulator's internal components; doing so will INVALIDATE THE GUARANTEE and may cause unnecessary damage.
- The regulator does not contain components that can be repaired by the user.
- The regulator must be suitably and effectively earthed by the installer according to the standards in force; earthing is essential for the **EMC** filter to operate correctly.
- The user must be protected from the electric supply and the motor must be protected from possible overloads in compliance with the standards in force.
- **DO NOT** supply the regulator without the exnternal protection panel.
- **DO NOT** touch the electrical parts of the circuit when the power supply is connected under any circumstances.
- Before supplying power to the unit, check carefully that the power and earth are correctly connected.
- If the mains supply is "disturbed", which may be due to other electrical power components causing irregularities in the supply (power contactors), it is recommended that supplementary three phase 'SURGE ARRESTER' filters are installed directly on the regulator supply.
- Avoid repeatedly connecting and disconnecting the power supply to the regulator; a constant supply keeps the regulator at working temperature and eliminates problems caused by condensate inside the protection case.
- Alternatively, use the remote terminal board contact S2 = ON/OFF.
- The S2 = ON/OFF contact on the signal terminal board does not cut the mains supply and therefore cannot be used as a safety switch.
- Install the regulator out of direct sunlight so that the container cannot get overheated and cause a reduction in the maximum load current.
- The appliance may operate at environmental temperatures up to  $50^{\circ}$ C. Do not install it where this temperature may be exceeded or the integrity of the regulator will be compromised and the appliance may make the user appliance operate at full load (100%) with all consequent effects.
- The appliance must be stood vertically to encourage heat dissipation and to ensure there is a sufficient air circulation and free space measuring **150 mm** above and below the regulator. If several regulators are to be grouped together on a single electric board, provide forced air circulation with a fan or cooling unit of sufficient power.
- Use the holes on the lower and power terminal board sides of the appliance, for entrance of the connection cables. This will prevent water, dust etc. from getting in and will ensure the **IP55** protection level is maintained using adequately sized cables and sheaths of suitable quality.
- Reassemble and check the cover of the external protection panel is properly closed.
- DO NOT alter or damage the identification stickers on the equipment.
- Under no circumstances alter the trimmers marked with the spot of red paint.



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#### **1.0 PRESENTATION**

**THANK YOU** for choosing an **DRV300** series three phase voltage regulator designed specifically to give the maximum yield and greatest ease of use.

Like all our products, it has been built to the very highest quality standards using electronic components of the utmost reliability which have undergone functional tests that guarantee use of the product for at least **30,000 hours** of continuous operation without problem.

The **DRV300** regulator is a power unit designed to meet requirements of quality and flexibility of use in plants and machines in which proportional variation of the speed of rotation of the fans is essential.

The regulator is housed in two different case :

- IP 55 : the DRV300 is in a GEWISS GW Plast® 120°C case, which guarantees high heat resistance during ordinary use (120°C), increased mechanical impact resistance (IK = 08) and a protection level (IP55) that allows the regulator to be installed out of doors;
- IP 22 : the DRV300 is in a protected aluminium case; the 12A & 20A are housed to have the same mechanical attachment hole

The DRV300 (IP22 & IP5 case), is shown in fig.1.





Before installing the **DRV300**, you are invited to read this manual which describes the necessary procedures for correct installation and commissioning of the machine

## **DRV300**



Like all our products, the **DRV300** series bears **CE** marking as required by directive **89/336/ECC** and its subsequent modification **EEC/92/31** on electromagnetic compatibility.

The essential requirements of the directive are satisfied by conformity to "generic standards" for heavy industry.

EN 50081-2 emission standard, EN 50082-2 immunity standard, and in particular:

EN 55011	class B, for radiated disturbances
EN 55011	class A, for conducted disturbances
ENV 50140 (IEC 801-3)	for susceptibility (on the power supply)
ENV 50141	for conducted susceptibility on power lines
IEC 801-4	for fast transistors (bursts / high frequency disturbances)
IEC 801-2	for electrostatic discharge (ESD)

The tests and checks for conformity have been carried out according to the procedures described in the product's technical documentation.

Since all these products are not used as "**stand alone**" appliances but incorporated into other plants or machines, the standards' compatibility test was carried out under typical operating conditions.

The system used was formed by an **DRV300** voltage regulator, a control cable and relative controls, a power supply cable, a motor cable and a fan.

Responsibility for the final characteristics of the system or plant regarding the EMC directive rests with the installer. The equipment must be installed in observance of the regulations in force using the information presented in this manual.



fig. 2

Fig. 3 & fig. 4 represent the DRV300 (IP 55 & IP 22) regulator, with the general contents



fig. 3

fig. 4

<b>CONTENTS of DRV300 regulator</b>						
1	1 Terminal block for load connection (U-V-W)		<b>7</b> a	Cover screws TPN (CEI 23-58) max. 2,5 Nm		
I			7b	Hole for input signals cable		
2	Terminal block for <b>PE</b> connection		8	SURGE ARRESTER circuit like EN 61000-4-5		
3	SURGE ARRESTER circuit / PE faston connection		9	Power card (lower)		
4	Terminal block for threephase power supply ( <b>R-S-T</b> )		10	Terminal block for analog inputs/output signals		
5	Screws hole for wall installation		11	Control card (upper)		
6	Plack anodized heat sink		12a	GEWISS GW Plast      120°C case		
	Black anodized heat sink		12b	Alluminium IP 22 case's cover		

#### **1.1 DESCRIPTION**

The **DRV300** series three-phase cutting regulators comprises two electronic cards on a vetronite support mounted inside the case.

The two cards represent the **control** section (upper) and **power** section (lower).



fig. 5

The control card contains the following regulation, connection, calibration and signalling components:

٠	Leds :	Leds: Marked "DL1 & DL2"					
	ALARM (DL1)	<b>RED Led DL1</b> to signal "regulator fault / Alarm "					
	SUPPLY O.K. (DL2)	GREEN Led DL2 to signal "DRV supply O.K."					
• <b>jumpers</b> Marked ' <b>Jn</b> '; used to change preset operational modes							
٠	COSφ	Calibration trimmer for COS $\phi$					
٠	<b>i</b>	Marked 'CN1'					
	flat cable	The flat allows connection to the control and power cards.					
		Check the flat is securely fixed during maintenance or commissioning.					
	Inputs/output signals	Terminal block M1, for Analogue and ON/OFF IN-put					
•	terminal boards	Terminal block M2, for PWM (TP+ / TP-) IN-put and for '0 cross' VAC					
	ter minar Duar us	reference of the remote control supply					

The **power card** contains the following connection components:

٠	now on gunnly torminal	<b>R, S, T</b>	for three-phase input supply
	boards	U, V, W	for three-phase input supply for three-phase output
		PE	for the Earth connection

#### 1.2 INSTALLATION AND MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

The **DRV300** regulator must always be securely assembled and fixed using the four (4) attachment screws on the side fins before connecting to the power supply.

The regulator is cooled by natural convection and so air must be able to pass freely below and above the appliance.

Therefore ensure there is at least 150 mm of free space above and below the regulator.

The DRV300 series are avaible in IP55 & IP20 case :

#### **<u>IP55 VERSION</u>** (S version)

The appliances are housed in sturdy **GEWISS** cases having different sizes, which are all manufactured in **GW-Plast** 120°C with black anodised aluminium supports; these provide high resistance to heat  $(120^{\circ}C)$  and impact resistance (**IK** = 08), and have an **IP55** degree of protection, therefore can be directly installed outdoor.

The holes provided on the lower part of the regulator are for entry of the electric connection cables:

- four pole line (three phase + Earth) to power the regulator,
- four pole line (three phase + Earth) to power the load,
- signal cable lines for the analogue inputs and digital outputs.

To make installation simpler, all regulators are also fitted with stuffing boxes in **PA6** polyamide, class **V2**, **IP68**, for use with the power and signal cables.

#### **<u>IP22 VERSION</u>** (G version)

The appliances are housed in aluminium case with the same sizes for **12A** and **20A** (only the 'C' size is different). The hole provided on the lower part of the regulator is for entry of the electric connection cable:

• signals cable line for the analogue input and digital outputs.



### **Mechanical Dimensions**

MODELS	A	В	С	D	E	F	Kg.	ØFixing screw holes
DRV 312 S	286	201	130	255	181	255	3.2	Ø 6
DRV 316 S	295	201	160	195	172	260	4.5	Ø 6
DRV 320 S	351	237	181	317	185	320	5.0	Ø 6
DRV 325 S	351	237	201	317	185	320	7.5	Ø 6
DRV 312 G	295	201	105	195	172	260	3.2	Ø 6
DRV 320 G	295	195	133	195	164	260	4.3	Ø 6

#### **1.3 PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION**

The **DRV300** series appliances are voltage regulators that use the phase cutting principle totally controlled over three phases.

The regulators, also referred to as speed controls, have been designed to change the average voltage on the following types of equipment, according to a control signal:

- asynchronous three phase motors connected to fans, pumps, agitators, mixers;
- electrical resistor devices with sectioned single / three phase.

Regulation occurs as a result of cutting of the input sinusoid. Regulation does not generate any torque knock or pulsation and is particularly quiet. Any voltage loss is contained within a maximum limit of 1%. Fig. 8 shows a block diagram of regulator DRV300.



The speed regulators are sized to withstand a starting current equal to more than 3 the rated current; therefore, when choosing a regulator, it is essential to take into consideration both the motor starting current and the type of motor.

It is actually well-known that, while the starting current in axial fans is equal to 2 or 3 times the rated current, the same current in centrifugal fans can have values around 7 or 8 times the rated current.

As far as the choice of motor is concerned, it is advisable to choose motors suited to the type of regulation. As a general rule, the best suited are:

- motors with high slipping resistive motors
- defluxed motors
- tropicalised motors
- CLASS H motors

as these allow better performance to be obtained with speed changes, they are quieter and start with lower current.

When choosing a motor, it is always advisable to contact your own supplier and order a motor which is suitable for speed control by voltage change. Subsequently, practical trials should be carried out on the motors or prototype machines in order to check their correct operation.

After choosing the motor, the speed regulator must be ordered according to

- the rated voltage,
- maximum power required (load-Amperes) bearing in mind the starting current.

After the motor characteristics have been checked, the following should be defined in order to identify the type of operating mode and application.

#### 1.3.1 Operating mode

The **DRV** controls allow three different types of operation depending on which type of input is available:

- DRV 'M' with 0-20 mA input signal
- DRV 'V' with 0-10 Vdc input signal
- DRV 'T' with PWM input signal (PWM modulation for Triac : TG / Trigger)
- DRV 'M' with 0-20 mA input signal
- DRV 'V' with 0-10 Vdc input signal
- DRV 'T' with PWM input signal (PWM modulation for Triac : TG / Trigger)

In this case, the **DRV300** is controlled by an external **MASTER** regulator which decides the phase cutting of the voltage by sending the **mA/Vdc/PWM** control signal to the **DRV300**.

ATTENTION : The (mA/Vdc/PWM) factory selection can be changed by the operator

**ATTENTION** : For **Vdc** input, do not place power cables with signal cables in the same raceway; if the cables cross one another, ensure it is at  $90^{\circ}$ .

#### **1.3.2** Application

It is generally possible to connect one control signal (0-20 mA / 0-10 Vdc / PWM) to 'DRV300' regulator. The principal applications are with remote control unit for measuring pressure (bar), temperature (°C), humidity (%RH), delivery (cu.m/h), superpressure (mm.), static pressure (Pa), supertemperature (destratification) etc. in plants and machines for Air-Conditioning, Refrigeration and Clean-Room.



#### **1.4 ELECTRIC MOTORS**

Three phase asynchronous motors can be connected to the **DRV300** regulator in applications where the torque-motor speed characteristic is quadratic.

This mainly allows phase cutting application with axial and centrifugal fans used for control purposes (max. **4 kw** for fan's motor).

The correct electrical connection and the supply voltage are given on the motor's specifications plate.

The sense of rotation of the motor can be altered by swapping the connections of two of the three supply cables.

It is important to keep the motor power supply cable as short as possible to reduce the level of interference and leakage currents to a minimum (10 / 15 mt); if the cable has to be long, an auxiliary three-phase filter of exactly the same power as the regulator must be installed on the regulator output.

The figure below shows the star and delta connection configurations.



fig. 10

The **DRV300** regulator can control several motors connected in parallel but the absorption of the motors' total current must never exceed the rated current as given on the **DRV300**'s specification plate.

The speeds of the motors vary at the same time though any differences in behaviour during start up and at low speeds are due to slight differences between the motors even if they are of the same type. However, if the required speeds of the motors are different, motors must be used with different rated speeds. Bear in mind though that motors with very different characteristics create different electrical situations and these may cause problems on start up and at low speeds caused by different resistances of the stators which require different voltages on start up and at low speeds.

#### 1.4.1 Magnetothermal protection

**DRV300** devices must be protected by a magnetothermal switch fitted upstream of the cutting regulators. **Installation of magnetothermal protections is the responsibility of the installer**.

It is advisable to fit an automatic magnetothermal protection with a 'C' intervention curve having the following capacity:

DRV models	magnetothermal carrying capacity
DRV 312	20 A
DRV 316	25 A
DRV 320	30 A
DRV 325	36 A

	Voltage		400VAC +/- 10 %	three-phase (230VA	C on re	equest)		
SUPPLY	Frequency		<b>50 Hz</b> (60 Hz)					
	Overvoltage p	rotection	for installation Ca	tegory II (4 KV)				
			DRV 312		vironm	nent, over decrease by <b>0.6</b> A/°C		
			DRV 316			nent, over decrease by <b>0.6</b> A/°C		
CURRENT	Rated		DRV 320			nent, over decrease by <b>1.0</b> A/°C		
			DRV 325			nent, over decrease by $1.0 \text{ A/}^{\circ}\text{C}$		
	Overload			d current (max. 10" e				
	Control circuit	S	5 VA		(erj e	/		
			DRV 312	42 W @ 12A				
POWER			DRV 316	56 W @ 16A				
	Thermally diss	sipated	DRV 320	70 W @ 20A				
			DRV 325	88 W @ 25A				
OPERATING	Totally control	lled three_phase			e loads	and motors, without need for		
PRINCIPLE						e of missing line Phase		
	connection to					ase, in according to the specific		
				ng curve ( <b>fig. 11</b> ).	it meree	use, in according to the specific		
	Standard UNI				ion the	e <b>DRV300</b> control & integrate		
	(Vers. <b>M</b> , <b>V</b> ,	<b>T</b> )				and the load change ( <b>fig. 12</b> ).		
OPERATING						controlled variable increases		
CHARACTERISTIC						<b>T1</b> (from <b>0'' to 1200''</b> ) setting;		
			then increase VAC output to MAX OUT with soft-start T2 (from 8" to					
	STARTER UN	NIT	150")					
	(Vers. <b>O</b> )		With the 'COMPENSATORY' version, the DRV300 control & integrate					
			the VAC input (from 350 VAC to 450 VAC) and the load change (fig. 12).					
		Vers. M	<b>0-20 mA, Ri = 100 hom</b> analog input					
	Control	Vers. M	<b>0-10 Vdc, Ri = 10 khom</b> analog inputs, priority to the greater					
		V	Two opto-isolated input for PWM '0-cross' modulation :					
INPUT		Vers. T	TG (Trigger) and AC line reference					
SIGNALS	Aurilan S1	Vers. M,V,T	<b>ON/OFF</b> input: v	with $S2 = ON > DRV$	go to 1	100% OUTPUT		
	Auxilary <b>S1</b> Auxilary <b>S2</b>	Vers. O	<b>ON/OFF</b> input: w	with $S2 = ON > DRV$	go to 🛛	Γ1 & T2 timer soft-start		
		J2 = ON 1		emote ON-OFF / NO				
	all versions	J2 = ON 2	<b>ON/OFF</b> input : n	notor protection / N	C therm	nal contact (TK)		
<b>OUTPUT SUPPLY</b>	Potentiometer	supply				n ½ W lin. potentiometer		
	Starting at 100	% (Speed-Up)	If connected, when the machine is switched on, it causes full mains voltage					
OPTIONAL	Starting at 100	(Speed-Op)	(100%) to be supplied to the load for a few seconds					
FUNCTIONS			With the 'COMPENSATORY' mode (opt. 'C'), the DRV300 control &					
FUNCTIONS	COMPENSAT	ORY mode	U	C input (from <b>350 V</b> A	$\mathbf{C}$ to 4	<b>50 VAC</b> ) and the load change		
			( <b>fig. 12</b> ).					
		& Input		7: 0-10Vdc <b>T:</b> Tri	ac	O: Soft-Starter		
ADJUSTMENTS	Minimum Out	put limit	Adjustable from 0					
AND	Cut-Off			n at 10% VAC pow	er suppl	ly		
PRESETTINGS	Maximum Out		Adjustable from 1					
	Acceleration F	Ramp <b>T1</b>	2	Standard 0"	T1	Adjustable from 0 to 1200"		
	Soft-Start T2			Standard 5"	T2	Adjustable from 8" to 150"		
				ls supply stoppage d	ue to :			
			<ul> <li>DRV 300 out</li> </ul>					
	Supply stoppe	d		ne supply phase (mor	0	L		
LED SIGNALLING	supply scoppe			<b>K</b> motor thermal o	pening	(NC contact, with $J2 = ON2$		
LED SIGNALLING			selection),					
			• <b>S2=ON / Start-Stop</b> contact closing ( <b>NO</b> contact, with J2 = ON1 sel.)					
	Supply present	t	DL2 (green) : Sig	nals the presence of	supply	voltage		
	Soft-Start Tim	er(T1 > ON)	<b>DL3</b> (yellow) : Signals the <b>T1</b> timer time work					

#### 1.5 DRV300 TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

			According to <b>FN 55011</b> (	CEL 110 6) C				
PROTECTIONS	EMC integrated	mains filter	According to EN 55011 (CEI 110-6) Class B : ISM appliances directly connected to low voltage power mains					
INOTECTIONS	SURGE arrester protection		According to EN 61000-4-5 : overvoltage Category II (4 KV)					
			Checks contemporary pres			s it locks		
ALARM SIGNALS	Mains phase moni	toring	the unit if one of the three					
	intanio phase mon	toring	ON	prices is cos		, s whenea		
	Standard so	lutions	IP 55 GEWISS (GV	V) case	IP 22 case			
		<b>DRV 312</b>	286 x 201 x 130 mm	3.5 kg.	295 x 201 x 105 mm	3.2 kg.		
	Dimensions and	<b>DRV 316</b>	286 x 201 x 160 mm	4.0 kg.				
	Weight	<b>DRV 320</b>	351 x 237 x 181 mm	4.5 kg.	295 x 192 x 135 mm	4.3 kg.		
CASE		<b>DRV 325</b>	351 x 237 x 201 mm	7.5 kg.				
CASE	Materials		GW-Plast® 120°C and a	luminium	Aluminium			
	Cover screws		Cover screws TPN (CEI	23-58) max. 2	2,5 Nm			
	Degree of protecti	on	IP 55		IP 22			
	Environmental pollution		Strong pollution					
	Fire resistance		Category <b>D</b>					
INSULATION	Case		Class I (use of earthed protection cable)					
INSCLATION	Control circuits		4000V between control input and mains voltage components					
TEMPERATURE	Working		<b>-10 T 50</b> ( from -10°C to + 50°C )					
	Storing		<b>-20 T 85</b> ( from -20°C to + 85°C )					
HUMIDITY	RH < 85%							
INSTALLATION	Vertical wall-mou	nting only, v	vith No 4 Ø 6 mm holes					
ELECTRICAL	Signal		Trailing cable with rated cross section max. 1.5 sq mm / 22-14 AWG Cu					
CONNECTIONS	Power		Trailing cable with rated cross section min. 2.5 sq mm / 20-12 AWG Cu					
	89/392/EEC Dire							
	73/23/EEC (93/68/EEC)		CEI-EN 60204-1 : "Safety of machinery"					
	Directive							
			EN 50081-2 Generic standard for industrial environment emission					
TECHNICAL			EN 50082-2 Generic standard for industrial environment immunity					
STANDARDS			EN 55011 class B, for radiated disturbance					
REFERENCE	89/336/EEC Dire	ctive	EN 55011 class B, for conducted disturbance					
	G7/350/EEC Directive		ENV 50140 (IEC 801-3) for susceptibility (on the supply)					
			ENV 50141 for conducted					
			<b>IEC 801-4</b> for fast transients (burst / high-frequency disturbance)					
			<b>IEC</b> 801-2 for electrostatic discharge (ESD)					

Table 3

This new **DRV300** is the fan speed cutting regulator with the specialized **output-VAC curve**, that with the 'COMPENSATORY' mode (opt. 'C'), controls and integrates the VAC supply input (from **350 VAC** to **450 VAC**) and the load change (**fig. 12**).

So the ratio between the **DRV300** Vac output and the remote control signal input, is the same even if :

- The power supply (VAC input) change from 350 VAC to 450 VAC
- The rated current is at **2%** or **100%**
- There are axial or centrifugal fans connected to load

In this case it is possible, with a specific remote control sooftware, to reach the fans speed at the  $m^3/h$  really required from the system controlled (ex.: FREE-COOLING).

DF	DRV 300 STANDARD CONFIGURATION (*) With N.3 axial fans ZIEHL-EBM FE 800-6						
INPUT (VDC)	V-OUT WITH RATED VAC -10% (360VAC)	V-OUT WITH RATED VAC -5% (380VAC)	V-OUT WITH RATED VAC 0% (400VAC)	V-OUT WITH RATED VAC +5% (420VAC)	V-OUT WITH RATED VAC +10% (440VAC)		
1	50	54	57	60	63		
2	68	74	80	84	90		
3	102	111	120	128	131		
4	158	170	181	194	200		
5	204	220	234	248	258		
6	249	266	283	300	315		
7	292	312	332	354	380		
8	336	350	372	396	420		
9	348	373	393	415	435		
9,5	356	376	397	417	437		

N.B. : The loss voltage is contained within a maximum limit of 1% (Vac-supply / Vac-loss on SCR).





Ι	DRV300 Vac RMS COMPENSATORY (*) With N.3 axial fans ZIEHL-EBM FE 800-6						
INPUT (VDC)	V-OUT WITH RATED VAC -10% (360VAC)	V-OUT WITH RATED VAC -5% (380VAC)	V-OUT WITH RATED VAC 0% (400VAC)	V-OUT WITH RATED VAC +5% (420VAC)	V-OUT WITH RATED VAC +10% (440VAC)		
1	52	53	54	54	54		
2	90	90	91	91	92		
3	129	130	130	131	131		
4	169	170	171	172	172		
5	209	210	211	212	213		
6	250	252	253	254	255		
7	291	293	295	296	297		
8	332	335	337	338	340		
9	356	373	378	381	383		
9,5	356	376	396	404	407		
10	356	376	396	404	407		

**N.B.**: The loss voltage is contained within a maximum limit of 1% (Vac-supply / Vac-loss on SCR).



fig. 12

## 2.0 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

#### 2.1 POWER CARD

For supply and load connection, reference should be made to the diagrams shown in **fig. 13**, making sure the section of the cables is adequate to the connected load.

The power cables (supply and load) must be installed separately from the control cables (analogue inputs and **ON-OFF** inputs/outputs) keeping the maximum distance possible between the conductors.

Do not place power cables with signal cables in the same raceway. If the cables cross one another, ensure it is at  $90^{\circ}$ .

<u>ATTENTION</u> : connect the earth conductor to the screw placed purposely beside the dissipator. Use heat resistant cables able to withstand temperatures greater than 90°C.

**<u>SURGE ARRESTER</u>** : electric protection placed between the regulator supply and the earth to protect the device from transitory mains excess voltage.

<u>ATTENTION</u> : disconnect the faston contact from the earth reference in the 'electric strength test'.

The **DRV300** regulators allows connection of three-phase loads *without requiring Neutral connection*. This simplifies installation and facilitates the **STAR** or **DELTA** load configuration.

It is advisable to provide a by-pass switch to allow load activation even when the cutting regulators is faulty (**emergency by-pass**).

When connecting the by-pass, the following precautions should be taken into consideration:

i) connection made through the by-pass switch must keep phase correspondence unaltered so as to avoid destructive shortcircuits and maintain the motor's sense of rotation.

ii) before supplying the load with maximum voltage, supply to the regulator should be disconnected, therefore:

• it is advisable to use a three-position manual switch as a commutation device

• if automatic commutation is carried out by means of contactors, make sure there is some delay (at least 2 seconds) between regulator disconnection and load activation operations.

Electrical connection of the supply and load for **12A DRV300** regulators is shown in **fig. 13** 





#### 2.2 ANALOGUE INPUT SIGNALS

The connections for the control analogue input is described below, and in particular :

0-10 Vdc	Voltage control signal (Vdc)
0-20 mA	Current control signal ( <b>mA</b> )
TP + / TP -	Modulating control signal ( <b>PWM</b> )
( * Vac)	(*) Vac : supply remote control reference for '0-cross' cutting regulation

#### CONNECTIONS Trailing cable with rated cross section max. 1.5 sq mm / 22-14 AWG Cu

If regulator control from an external unit is required, choose one of the following versions:

- **DRV** M when the external control unit uses a current control signal (0-20 mA), or
- **DRV** V when the external control unit uses a voltage control signal (0-10 Vdc), or
- **DRV T** when the external control unit uses a **MODULATING** control signal (**PWM**)
- (\*) The "COMPENSATORY" option 'C' is disposible for all versions (J1 = ON1)

(\*) The 'V' configuration allows a grid of several regulators to be controlled via a single regulation control signal in Vdc, even if the regulators are a mixture of single phase and three phase.

It is therefore possible to control totally and automatically several ventilation units and, if necessary, to release one or more regulators from automatic regulation that, using a local, manual control signal, are regulated to the requested voltage.



In standard condition the **DRV300** is at **MAX. OUT** when the **INPUT** control signal is at max. value.

Fig. 14 shows the auxiliary M1 & M2 connections and the operating regulation controls.



#### 2.2.1 Remote 0-10 Vdc INPUT

The AUTOMATIC / MANUAL Vdc control signal can be connected to terminal block M1, with DRV 'V' version.

In this case the configuration jumper J5 = ON 2 (fig. 15)



fig. 15

#### 2.2.2 Remote 0-20 mA INPUT

The AUTOMATIC / MANUAL mA control signal can be connected to terminal block M1, with DRV 'M' version.

In this case the configuration jumper J5 = ON 1 (fig. 16)



fig. 16

#### 2.2.3 Remote PWM modulating INPUT (for TRIAC)

The AUTOMATIC PWM control signal can be connected to terminal block M2, with DRV 'T' version. In this case the configuration jumper J5 = ON 3 (fig. 17).

It is possible to connect, for the correct phase-cutting ( **ZERO-CROSS FUNCTION**), the **Vac** (12–24 Vac) supply reference of the remote control, for synchronize with power supply the DRV300 phase-cutting. In this case the configuration jumper J6 = ON 1 (fig. 17).

The regulator is specialized for **PWM** remote control for **ELIWELL** (J7 = ON)



fig. 17

#### 2.3 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS ON-OFF INPUTS / OUTPUTS

This paragraph describes the connections to the auxiliary **ON-OFF** inputs (S1 - S2), available on the 'M1' terminal board for which the electrical connection is **POTENTIAL-FREE** signal contact.

**CONNECTIONS** Trailing cable with rated cross section **1.5 sq mm / 22-14 AWG Cu** 

#### 2.3.1 Operating selection

The operating selection is obtained by activating the **5/6** and **7/8** terminals on the '**M1**' terminal board. **Fig. 19** shows an example of connection using switches and safety devices.

	S1	indicates a <b>normally open</b> (NO) switch for commutation from AUTOMATIC (NO) to 100% (NC) operation.
		indicates a NO contact for activation/inhibition of operation (remote ON-OFF)
S2 for	J2 = ON 2	indicates a NC contact for safety device, e.g. a HEAT PROTECTION positioned on the motor,
	JZ = ON Z	which would halt operation if were open

#### S1: AUT / MAN (M1 - 5/6)

S1 = OPEN	operation with variable speed regulation
S1 = CLOSED	MAX SPEED operation at MAX OUTPUT VAC value

The **S1** contact allows the regulation to be commutated from "AUTOMATIC OPERATION" (power supplied according to the control signal) to "MANUAL 100%" with **MAX. OUTPUT** reference limit.

#### APPLICATION EXAMPLE : WINTER / SUMMER operation for HEAT PUMPS mode.

The fans, connected to the regulator, can be activated depending on the temperature or pressure detected; or, by switching **S1** (**CLOSED**) : voltage to the fans can be kept constant, equal to the value set with **MAX.OUT**, for the required time.

The operation described here can be achieved by means of electromechanical devices.

However it is extremely simple if the cutting regulators is controlled by an external regulator (e.g. **Eliwell** type : Energy-ECH series), which can automatically control the S1 contact.



S2: remote ON-OFF for J2 = ON 1 (7/8 - M1)

#### S2 = OPEN Regulator operational

S2 = CLOSED Operation Stop

With **S2** = **CLOSED**, operation of the cutting regulators is stopped via a remote free contact.

This is useful, for example, to stop fans during defrosting or to link fan operation to activation of a central unit (e.g. compressor) or an alarm (e.g. max./min. temperature).

#### S2: thermal contact TK for J2 = ON 2 (7/8 - M1)

S2 = CLOSED	<b>Regular operation</b>	(Led ALARM = $OFF$ )
S2 = OPEN	STOP operation	(Led ALARM = $ON$ )

Intervention of an external safety device opens a FREE POTENTIAL contact and halts operation of the regulator.

In plants with fans in parallel, individual protection devices must be used for each motor connected so as to reduce the risk of a total stop.

### 3.0 COMMISSIONING PROCEDURE

Having carried out the electrical connections to the regulator, it is time to perform the configuration, regulation and commissioning operations for the **DRV300** regulator by following the procedure below.

It is important to remember that the settings of the **jumpers** (Jn) are only to be modified to change the configuration or the operating mode of the regulator set in the factory (check the label on the right side of the casing).

#### 3.1 Jumpers

This paragraph describes the preset functions of the programming **jumpers**; the jumpers used on the card are of the following types - **3 contacts** (see **fig. 19**).

The term "Jumper" refers to the moveable element which connects two (2) contacts.



#### fig. 19

fig. 20

For **3** contact jumpers, there are two selection types:

• position '1' i.e. the middle jumper connected to jumper no. 1

• position '2' i.e. the middle jumper connected to jumper no. 2

The main jumpers on the **DRV300** cutting regulators **control card** are described below.

J1	Select the operating mode "COMPENSATORY" (only for DRV300 in Option 'C'):	
J1 = ON1	when the "COMPENSATORY" mode is present (opt. 'C'), switch ON the function	
J1 = ON2	when the "COMPENSATORY" mode is NOT present The standard position is J1 = ON2	
J2	for : Select the S2 operating mode : (ON-OFF MODE):	
J2 = ON1	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c } \hline STOP/START & with S2 = NO (open) & DVR300 \text{ is } O.K. (DL1 = OFF) \\ with S2 = NC (closed) & DVR300 \text{ is } OFF (DL1 = ON) \end{array} Factory$	condition
J2 = ON2	$\frac{\mathbf{T.K.}}{\text{with } \mathbf{S2} = \mathbf{NC} \text{ (closed)}  \mathbf{DVR300} \text{ is } \mathbf{O.K.} \text{ (DL1 = OFF)} \\ \text{with } \mathbf{S2} = \mathbf{NO} \text{ (open)}  \mathbf{DVR300} \text{ is } \mathbf{OFF} \text{ (DL1 = ON)} $	
J3	Selects the SPEED-UP mode, for 4", only when Power Supply switch ON :	
J3 = ON1	SPEE-UP mode is ABLE.	
J3 = ON2	<b>SPEE-UP</b> mode is ANABLE. <b>The standard position is J2 = ON2</b>	
J4	Warning : factory calibration	

J5	Select the <b>INPUT</b> operating mode :
J5 = ON2	when selected, the input is activated for <b>0-20 mA</b> control signal when selected, the input is activated for <b>0-10 Vdc</b> control signal when selected, the input is activated for <b>TRIAC</b> ( <b>PWM</b> ) control signal

J6	Select the <b>SYNCHRONISM</b> to Power Supply, with the <b>PWM</b> input:
<b>J6 = ON1</b>	- with signal of VAC SYNCHRONISM
J6 = ON2	Note : with Energy-ECH ELIWELL / F04 at 30 (default) - without signal of VAC SYNCHRONISM Note :
	with <b>Energy-ECH ELIWELL</b> / <b>F04</b> at 255
J7	Select the <b>PWM</b> control signal for <b>Energy-ECH ELIWELL</b>
J7 = ON >	For ELIWELL selection
J8	not used
J8 = ON >	

### WARNING !

- Check the position of jumpers 'Jn' during commissioning.
- The regulator is already set for the operations indicated on the label on the side of the casing; if modifications are required, describe and indicate the modifications made on the TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE MODULE.

### 4.0 CONTROL TRIMMER

<u>WARNING</u>: Before starting the regulator calibration phase, check the position of the trimmers MIN-OUT = m & MAX. OUT = M (see fig. 14). The position of the trimmers marked with a spot of red paint (factory calibrated trimmers) must not be altered.

#### 4.1 MAX. OUTPUT regulation



	-
MAX. OUT	Limits the maximum operating voltage (from 100% to 0%). It is useful for limiting the maximum capacity or noise of the fan when turning at max.
M = 100% m = 0%	speed. It is set in the factory to the max. value ' <b>M</b> ' which corresponds to the max. voltage supplied to the fan and equal to 100% of the control value.

To regulate the **MAX. OUTPUT** voltage correctly, proceed as follows:

- 1) bring the MIN-OUT trimmer (manual control of minimum voltage) to position 'M';
- 2) turn the MAX-OUT trimmer starting from position 'M' as far as the desired MAX. voltage value;
- 3) bring the MIN-OUT trimmer to minimum value 'm': the MAX output voltage is regulated

#### 4.2 MIN. OUTPUT regulation





Allows manual regulation of the minimum output voltage from 0 to 100%. During the calibration starting phase, it is used to check the regulator for correct cutting regulators and the fans for correct rotation. It is also used as reference for calibration of the MAX. OUTPUT voltage.

Regulation of MIN-OUT trimmer, supplies the fan with a constant minimum voltage when the automatic control is not working or the control input is disconnected.

Rotate MIN-OUT anticlockwise starting from position 'm' until the desired minimum voltage is reached.

In the diagram below, is shown the DRV300 in standard configuration and 0-10 Vdc input, with :

- NO limit MIN & MAX output
- Operation only with **MIN-OUT VAC** limit
- Operation beetween MIN & MAX output VAC limit

DRV300 STA	ANDARD CONFIGURATIC	N (*) With N.3 axial fans Z	IEHL-EBM FE 800-6
Input (0-10 Vdc)	SUPPLY 405 VAC with MIN-OUT = 0 VAC MAX-OUT = 405 VAC	SUPPLY 405 VAC with MIN-OUT = 100 VAC MAX-OUT = 405 VAC	SUPPLY 405 VAC with MIN-OUT = 100 VAC MAX-OUT = 305 VAC
0		100	100
0,5		115	107
1,0	57	135	118
1,5	68	156	127
2,0	80	173	137
2,5	102	<u>194</u>	150
3,0	120	210	160
3,5	150	230	171
4,0	181	246	182
4,5	208	260	193
5,0	234	280	205
5,5	255	299	216
6,0	283	316	226
<u>6,5</u>	<u> </u>	<u>332</u>	237
7,0		350	248
7,5 8,0	<u>352</u>	<u>365</u>	256
	372	376	265
8,5	<u>381</u>	386	275
9,0	393	393	285
9,5	402	402	295
10	402		305

N.B. : The loss voltage is contained within a maximum limit of 1% (Vac-supply / Vac-loss on SCR).



## 5.0 TROUBLE SHOOTING

Some of the problems which may occur during or after unit commissioning are listed below with their possible solutions.

Problem	Cause	Solution
Unit supplied but load does not activate.	C1. Absence of one phases (Led DL1	<b>S1</b> . Check supply connections and input
	on).	phases.
	C2. The load is not connected.	<b>S2</b> . Check there are no electrical
		interruptions between regulator and
		load.
	C3. No control signal.	<b>S3</b> . Check sensors for correct operation
		(return voltage) and connections to
		signal terminal board.
	C6. Remote STOP (ON-OFF) (7/8	S6. Check STOP 7/8 control contact on
	contacts closed).	signal terminal board.
Tension can be read on outlet terminal	C1. Load not connected to regulator	S1. Check electromagnetic switch or
heads to load (circa 370 VAC) but	terminals.	motor / regulator connection sectioner.
motor does not start.		<b>S2</b> . Check the motor heat protection TK.
Protection fuses burn out.	C1. Regulator undersized for load used.	<b>S1</b> . Check powers involved as well as
		starting and operating currents.
	C2. Interference on supply lines.	<b>S2</b> . Check the supply line and if
		necessary install mains or 'surge' filters
		upstream of the cutting regulators.
	C3. By-pass configuration with short	<b>S3</b> . Check input and output phase
	circuited phases.	correspondence.
After correctly operating for a certain	C1. Lack of ventilation and/or high	<b>S1</b> . Check the unit is mounted
time, cutting regulators supplies the	working temperature in the unit.	vertically; check the room temperature
maximum voltage load regardless of		where the unit is installed.
control signal.		<b>S2</b> . Check input control voltage ( <b>input</b>
TT-1/ 1	short-circuited.	terminal board).
Unit has suspended regulation and Led <b>DL1</b> is on.		<b>S1</b> . Check unit reset type (see position
DL1 is on.	intervened (contact MB 6,7).	of jumper <b>J13</b> ).
		<b>S2</b> .Check activation of the safety
Unit has sugnanded regulation and I ad	C1. A fuse has burnt out or one of	device and the cause of the intervention.
Unit has suspended regulation and Led <b>AC LINE ALARM</b> is on.		<b>S1</b> . Replace supply line fuse and check
	supply phases is absent. C1. The contact S1 is closed.	beginning of line upstream.
Output voltage constant (100%) even with control signal activated	<b>C1</b> . The contact <b>S1</b> is closed.	S1. Select correct operating mode (NO contact) by activating contacts $5/6$ of
with control signal activated.		contact) by activating contacts <b>5/6</b> of terminal board.
		terminal board.

Table 4

## 6.0 LIABILITY AND RESIDUAL RISKS

Eliwell & Controlli s.r.l. shall not be liable for any damages deriving from:

- installation/use other than that prescribed and, in particular, that which does not comply with safety standards anticipated by regulations and/or those given herein;

- use on boards which do not guarantee adequate protection against electric shock, water or dust under the conditions of assembly applied;

- use on boards which allow access to dangerous parts without the use of tools;

- tampering with and/or alteration of the products;

- installation/use on boards not complying with the standards and provisions of current legislation.

### 7.0 DISCLAIMER

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<ul> <li>incorrect installation</li> <li>Please keep this sheet near</li> </ul>		o improve the		service and speed
				• • • • • • •
diagnosis, please fill this sh event of a breakdown.	neet in and send it to the A	ssistance centr	e together w	ith the regulator
Customer:	Regu	lator model:		
Serial no.:	Date of installation:		Date of br	reakdown:
	Description (	of the fault		
Noisy motor	Burnt out motor		·	nt fuse
Unbalanced phases Blocked motor	<ul> <li>Protection interrupt</li> <li>Differential interrupt</li> </ul>	t VAC	VAC	hase S pha
		AMP	AMP	AMP
<b>Description:</b>				
	Controls and conf	acts check car	-d	
COS φ	Controls and cont	mA	INPUT n	
MAX OUTPUT	Supply 10Vdc / 5 Supply reference	mA	INPUT n	Vdc
·	Supply 10Vdc / 5	mA	INPUT n	
MAX OUTPUT	<ul> <li>Supply 10Vdc / 5</li> <li>Supply reference</li> <li>Contact S1</li> <li>Contact S2</li> </ul>	mA   VAC	INPUT n INPUT V INPUT ·	Vdc
MAX OUTPUT	Supply 10Vdc / 5 Supply reference Contact S1	mA   VAC	INPUT n INPUT V INPUT ·	Vdc -T/+T (PWM)
MAX OUTPUT MIN OUTPUT	<ul> <li>Supply 10Vdc / 5</li> <li>Supply reference</li> <li>Contact S1</li> <li>Contact S2</li> </ul>	mA   VAC   nnected load	INPUT n INPUT V INPUT ·	Vdc -T/+T (PWM)
MAX OUTPUT MIN OUTPUT Manufacturer: Electrical data VAC	Supply 10Vdc / 5 Supply reference Contact S1 Contact S2 Details of the co	mA   VAC   mnected load	INPUT n INPUT V INPUT · Input ·	Vdc -T/+T (PWM) electric resistors Code
MAX OUTPUT MIN OUTPUT Manufacturer: Electrical data VAC	Supply 10Vdc / 5 Supply reference Contact S1 Contact S2 Details of the co	mA   VAC   mnected load	INPUT n INPUT V INPUT Input I Ians Electri	Vdc -T/+T (PWM)
MAX OUTPUT MIN OUTPUT Manufacturer: Electrical data VAC	Supply 10Vdc / 5 Supply reference Contact S1 Contact S2 Details of the co Amp Motor	mA	INPUT n INPUT v INPUT v INPUT v Invertised Electric S V T V	Vdc -T/+T (PWM) electric resistors Code ical data



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